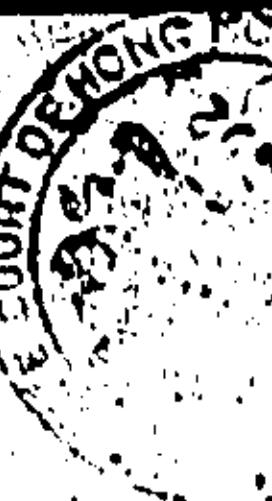


The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 3229

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1892.

SIX DOLLARS
PER QUARTER



Intimatis.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,
LIMITED.

Authorised Capital \$1,000,000.

Subscribed Capital \$500,000.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors—
D. Gillies, Esq. Chow Tung Shan, Esq.
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. W. Wotton, Esq.
C. J. Hunt, Esq. Kwan Ho Chuen, Esq.
Chief Manager, GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON—

Thomas Carmichael, Esq.—Messrs Dent,
Palmer & Co.
John Butterly, Esq.—Messrs John Butterly &
Co.
C. B. Stuart-Wortley, Esq., M.P., for Hallam.
Geo. Munro, Manager.

BANKERS—
The Alliance Bank (Limited).
The Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Yokohama—D. Fraser, Manager.
Shanghai—J. J. Galloway, Manager.
Amoy—J. Anderson, Manager.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened. Money
received on Deposit, Drafts issued, Bills
purchased and collected. Advances made on
Securities or goods in neutral Godowns. Usual
Bank Agency business undertaken.

Interest 1% 1/2 months Fixed, 5 per Cent.

" " 6 " 4 "

" " 3 " 3 "

CURRENT ACCOUNTS 2 "

For Rates of Interest for other periods apply
to the Manager.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1892.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND DECLARED for the Half-
year ending 10th June last, at the Rate of
£1 per POUND STERLING per Share of £125
is Payable on and after MONDAY, the 22nd
day of August, current, at the Offices of the
Corporation, when Shareholders are registered
to apply for WARRANTS.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
F. DE BOVIS,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 20th August, 1892. 1834

NOTICE TO THE FUND.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE
ARE invested entirely within the British
Dominions and are thus free from the
complications which might arise in time of war.
They now amount to Seven Millions Sterling
and have increased 50 per cent in the last 15
years.

DODWELL, GARLILL & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong.

THE SINGAPORE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

APPLICATIONS for the post of SECRETARY,
which will be VACANT towards the end
of the year, are invited. A thorough practical
knowledge of FIRE and MARINE Business is
necessary.

Singapore, 14th July, 1892. 1773

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
OF CANADA.

ASSETS, OVER \$3,000,000.00.

Policies absolutely non-forfeitable.
No restrictions as to Residence or Travelling.
Rates of premium low.

Policies issued on all approved Forms.

For further particulars apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAK & Co.,
Agents for Hongkong.
25th May, 1892. 1760

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY
LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED \$1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on Goods,
etc. Policies granted to all parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 1, FIVE STREETS, W.L.E.,
Hongkong, 1st February, 1888. 1649

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL, TAEL 250,000,000

EQUAL TO 250,000,000

RESERVE FUND 318,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

LEX SING, Esq. LO YEEU MOON, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, etc., taken
at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the
world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, FIVE STREETS,
Hongkong, 17th December, 1888. 1778

KING WO CHEONG.

COAL MERCHANTS, SHIPS' COMPTA-
TIRES, STEVEDORES, etc.

HAVE FOR SALE A CARGO OF
AKAIKI COAL.

Mr. J. W. BOYD, Superintendent at
Kowloon Docks, reports that AKAIKI
COAL GIVES TEN PER CENT. BETTER
RESULTS than any Japanese Coal he has ever
seen.

For full particulars as to price, etc.
Apply to
KING WO CHEONG,
No. 2, Praya Central.

Hongkong, 18th July, 1892. 1781

Intimatis.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPAA DOCK
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND of 7 PER CENT. per Share
for the Six Months ended 10th June,
1892, declared at Monday's Ordinary Half-
Yearly Meeting, will be payable at the premises
of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING
CORPORATION, on and after TUESDAY, the
23rd instant, and Shareholders are requested to
apply for DIVIDEND WARRANTS at the Com-
pany's Office, No. 14, Praya Central.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

D. GILLIES,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 23rd August, 1892. 1841

NOTICE.

PUNJOM & SUNGHE DUA SAMANTAN
MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

ALL PERSONS holding SCRIP in the
above Company are requested to send
them in at once for TRANSFER.

A Circular will be sent to each SHARE-
HOLDER in reference to the re-contraction of
the Company.

A. O'D. GOURLIN,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1892. 1857

NOTICE.

DURING the REPAIRS to the SUPREME
COURT HOUSE, the Court will sit in
SPECIAL JURISDICTION on and after the 22nd
instant at the MASONIC HALL, 2nd and Street.
And the Court will sit in ORIGINAL JURISDI-
CTION either at the Supreme Court or at the
Masonic Hall aforesaid, as may be from time
to time directed.

By Order,

BRUCE SHEPHERD,
Acting Registrar.

Hongkong, 11th August, 1892. 1812

NOTICE.

DURING my temporary absence from the
Colony, Mr. T. COWEN, who holds my
POWER OF ATTORNEY, will act as Editor
and Manager of the Hongkong Telegraph.

R. FRASER-SMITH,
Editor and Proprietor.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1892.

NOTICE.

A BASKET of CLOTHES, addressed to
Mr. R. M. MCHATTIE, Caston, was
LOST on board the Steamer *Patsham* while on
the way up to Caston on the night of the 27th
July. Anybody returning the same will receive
the above reward.

Undermentioned will receive the above reward.

By Order,

COOKE'S Tennis Bats.

Ayre's Championship Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Regulation Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Seamless Tennis Balls.

Tennis Nets and Posts.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tennis Shoes.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1892. 1812

NOTICE.

A fresh supply of SALTER'S CELEBRATED
BLACK GUT TENNIS BATS, will arrive
per *Sutte* in a fortnight.

Association Footballs.

Rugby Footballs.

Chess and Draughts.

Billiards.

Snooker.

Dominoes.

Cribbage Boards.

Chess Sets for Travelling.

American Squeezers.

Poker Chips.

English Playing Cards.

Foster's self-playing Cards.

Whist markers.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1892. 1812

NOTICE.

A FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

A Mr. R. M. MCHATTIE, Caston, was
LOST on board the Steamer *Patsham* while on
the way up to Caston on the night of the 27th
July. Anybody returning the same will receive
the above reward.

Undermentioned will receive the above reward.

By Order,

COOKE'S Tennis Bats.

Ayre's Championship Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Regulation Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Seamless Tennis Balls.

Tennis Nets and Posts.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tennis Shoes.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1892. 1812

NOTICE.

A FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

A Mr. R. M. MCHATTIE, Caston, was
LOST on board the Steamer *Patsham* while on
the way up to Caston on the night of the 27th
July. Anybody returning the same will receive
the above reward.

Undermentioned will receive the above reward.

By Order,

COOKE'S Tennis Bats.

Ayre's Championship Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Regulation Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Seamless Tennis Balls.

Tennis Nets and Posts.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tennis Shoes.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1892. 1812

NOTICE.

A FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

A Mr. R. M. MCHATTIE, Caston, was
LOST on board the Steamer *Patsham* while on
the way up to Caston on the night of the 27th
July. Anybody returning the same will receive
the above reward.

Undermentioned will receive the above reward.

By Order,

COOKE'S Tennis Bats.

Ayre's Championship Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Regulation Tennis Balls.

Ayre's Seamless Tennis Balls.

Tennis Nets and Posts.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tennis Shoes.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1892. 1812

NOTICE.

A FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

A Mr. R. M. MCHATTIE, Caston, was
LOST on board the Steamer *Patsham* while on
the way up to Caston on the night of the 27th
July. Anybody returning the same will receive
the above reward.

Undermentioned will receive the above reward.

By Order,

COOKE'S Tennis Bats.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1892.

differently. The only real comfort is that the metropolis lives on the out-ports, and it must therefore be of a certain amount of interest for you occasionally to see signs of life from the small buildings also.

The railway is being pushed on at a great rate down South; six stations are now opened south of Taipeh Fu and the indefatigable railway engineer, Mr. Matheson, is hard at work to extend it. Of late, much better management has taken place on the line, and the trains have been running as regularly as clock-work for a good time now. It is even rumoured that H.E. the Governor thinks of engaging European locomotive drivers again.

Mr. Hansen, the telegraph engineer, is away on a trip inland to overhaul the telegraph lines. There is nothing else worth mentioning from our small community, neither any "trifles that have become important" to us. The temperature and weather is all that we could wish for this time of the year, and business goes on in its usual way.

The only news I can tell you is, that we have got a real circus over here, and that we are quite elated over it. Woodman's Circus has pitched its tent near the river, on an open ground close to the railway station, and is giving a performance nearly every night. They had to begin under great difficulties; the Chinese rabble broke through the bamboo fence and took possession of the place the first evening; then the tail of a typhoon brought down everything.

The able managers, Messrs. Valazquez and Martyn, were, however, equal to the occasion, and got a fence made of Poochow poles and everything strengthened up again. I was present the first night it opened in this new way, and we had a very lively time of it. The crowd, which could not understand that a "Sing Song" was not open to all comers, threw stones over the pole-fence and right through the tent, scaring the horses in the ring and giving us a certain feeling of excitement. The guard of soldiers appeared and some arrests were made, but they could not master the situation. The next day our very able British Consul, Mr. A. Hoole, took the master up and induced H.E. the Governor to preserve peace. This was done so effectually that no disturbance has occurred since. We all know what a circus is, and when I tell you that this one has really clever actors, good clowns, that can make us laugh, pretty *esquisses* and daring horsemen, and that the whole company work well together, and do all they can to entertain people, I am sure that you will know all the rest yourself. It does good to have a hearty laugh occasionally, and helps out of the usual stagnation. The drawback is that they have no band, but are obliged to use Chinese music, not very pleasant to listen to. They have also on a raised platform a whole Chinese "Sing Song," which delights the natives with performances before and after the real work goes on.

I must say that it is well worth seeing, altogether, and give a good variety of seats for more than two hours. They intend to go to Si-kao from here.

Mr. C. A. Pennington of the Customs service will go home on leave, and Mr. J. L. Remond, from Canton, will relieve him.

H.M.S. *Porpoise*, Commander Burr, called in Kelung for a couple of days on her way to Poochow, and exchanged the usual salute and other civilities with the authorities and so forth. — *C. Daily News*

HANKOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Hankow, August 16th, 1892.

11. H.M.S. gunboat *Esk* arrived here yesterday in charge of Pilot Melbey from Kiu-kung with the intention of leaving on the 18th inst. for Changsha. Late yesterday afternoon, however, a telegram was received from Peking countermanding the order, and instructing our Consul, Mr. Gardner, to postpone his visit to the capital of Hunan till November next, when the new Chinese Governor will have taken over charge. So once more the British Government has been thwarted by the Heathen Chinese, and another proof, if one were wanted, is afforded of the weakness and pliability of the Minister who is entrusted with the interests of Great Britain in Far Cathay. In November the water will have fallen so low that it will be impossible for vessels even of the lightest draught to cross the Tungling Lake, the chief highway to the capital of Hunan, and the only way which gunboats could go to make a demonstration in the most aggressive and anti-foreign province in China. We here are waiting anxiously to see China develop what she had in view when she thus so cleverly checkmated the most effective move contemplated by Great Britain for many years in this quarter of the world!

Another large fire broke out here at 10.30 last night. It originated in a native house outside the foreign settlement. The house was occupied by a tea box maker and I believe the blaze was started by the overturning of a lamp. In a moment the house was in flames, so old and dry were the materials, and the fire spread with lightning-like rapidity to the adjoining buildings, which were, like the first house, all made of wood. Before any impression could be made upon what soon assumed the proportions of a veritable conflagration upwards of tenements of various sizes and descriptions were destroyed.

The Municipal steam fire-engine, in charge of Superintendent Miller, was on the scene and had a jet playing on the flames in less than half an hour after the alarm was given, and one detachment of blue-jackets from the *Leander* and another from the *Petrel* were also early on the spot. Both bodies did yeoman service in keeping the way clear, and in seconding the noble efforts of the firemen to save life and property. I regret to say that several of these brave sailors, who are ever to the fore when danger is afoot, met with serious injuries. Four of them, three Britons and one gallant American, were working together on the roof of a house, when by some mischance the native firemen pulled down the sides, and the roof falling in the unfortunate fellows were precipitated along with the falling debris. The mishap resulted in a broken ankle to one man and a severe cut on the head to another, the remaining two receiving light but painful cuts and bruises. A native was run over in the confusion by the fire-engine, but happily his injuries are not of a serious nature. I wonder if the poor fellows, who in their heroic endeavour to save life and property, and native as that, have become incapacitated from duty, will receive any recompence? I certainly think they ought to.

The China Merchant's steamer *Kulang* with every appliance for re-launching the Company's steamer *Kiangting*, badly ashore in the Upper Yangtze, and 50 workmen in charge of Mr. D. J. Black of the Old Dock, Shanghai, left here on Friday. The *Kiangting* also took up about the same number of men to assist in the *Kiangting*. The *Shant* left this afternoon for Ichang with a full cargo. Freight has gone up owing to the accident to the *Kiangting*. The water is still falling in the river, and the thermometer remains steady at 90° in the shade. What a blessing for August! — *Mercury*.

TSINGKIANG.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

August 1st.

In this district recently, tragedy has been all the go. The very air seems full of it. At the

small town of Shiba 8 li distant, there was a domestic trouble in one of the families when a mother-in-law under took to punish her daughter-in-law. The latter resented it, and became so enraged that she called in several of her clan, who held the old woman while the foolish daughter-in-law proceeded to prod her with an ugly weapon called a nail-tester. This nail-tester is a hollow iron rod, about 4 feet long, an inch in diameter, having a sharp point, and with this the daughter-in-law did thorough work, not simply giving one prod but many tens of the same. The magistrate of this city set wind of the matter, and after examining the woman, sentenced her to a novel punishment from a Western standpoint. Executed by proper guards she was made to parade the streets, calling out as she went along, "I am the woman that tried to kill my mother-in-law." "Don't you all act in this way or you will be punished like me." This form of punishment was reported to be only because the mother-in-law was reported to be doing well, but since the old woman has succumbed to her wounds, the accused, who is still in custody, it is said will have to suffer the full penalty of the law, which in such cases is strangulation.

Another case comes nearer home literally, a most daring robbery occurring about 50 yards from the residence of the foreigners, on one of the broad streets along the Grand Canal, outside of the city. Between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning, several men walked into an onion den and induced silence on the part of the proprietor and his assistant by laying their swords on the sides of their necks in a significant manner. The place was then robbed of everything portable consisting of 20 Mexican, a ball of foreign onion worth about \$6 to \$8, and the wardrobe of the proprietor. Just before quitting the place, a good deal of sleep at night, owing to spasms and to wind that appeared to gather in my sides. No food, however simple, agreed with me. For three years I suffered like this, and could take no solid food, such as a meat dinner.

Now, as I had always been of an active disposition, I strove hard to do my work and attend to my shop, but in April, 1885, I got so bad that I sent for my daughter, who was living at Pifet Hutton, near Carnforth, and she returned home. Whilst away she had been under a doctor for weakness and neuralgia, and was constantly spitting and belching up a clear fluid like water. My appetite gradually lost me, and I had great pain after every meal I ate. I had great pain at the chest, which at times seemed to strike through to the back and shoulders. I lost a good deal of sleep at night, owing to spasms and to wind that appeared to gather in my sides. No food, however simple, agreed with me. For three years I suffered like this, and could take no solid food, such as a meat dinner.

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Another woman says: "In December, 1885, after my confinement, I began to have a poor appetite and much pain and sickness after eating. My food seemed to turn to wind and I suffered from fulness in the chest and pain in the stomach. I gradually lost my strength, and fell into a low, depending state of mind."

Commercial.

LATEST QUOTATIONS
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—75 per cent.
prem., ex. div., sellers.
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—on £600.
paid up—40 per cent. div., sellers.
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—Founders' shares—\$200 per share, sellers.
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits, Ltd.—\$3, buyers.
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits Ltd.—Founders' shares—\$18 buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of £834 B—2 per cent.
premium, sellers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of \$834 C—2 per cent.
premium, buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of \$834 E—14 per cent.
premium.
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$87 per
share, sellers and buyers.
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$59 per
share, buyers.
North China Insurance—Tls. 220 per share,
sellers and sellers.
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$97 per
share, sellers.

Yangtze Insurance Association—\$102, buyers.
Or Tal Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150
per share.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$252 per
share, buyers.
China Fire Insurance Company—\$84 per share,
buyers.
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—
\$28, sellers.
China and Manilla Steam Ship Company—25
per share, sellers.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—
45 per cent. discount, sales and sellers.
Douglas Steamship Company—\$36 per share,
sellers.
The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$73
per cent. premium, ex. div., sales and sellers.
Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$14 per share.
Hongkong Hotel Company—\$21, buyers.
Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debenture—
\$50.
The Amur Arms Hotel and Building Company,
Limited—\$6 per share, sellers.
The Shantung Hotel Co., Limited—\$8 per
share, sellers.
Punjum and Sunghee Dua Samahan Mining Co.—
\$1.50, per share, buyers.
The Raub Gold Mining Co., Limited—30 cents
per share, sellers.
New Inuris Mining Co., Limited—\$1 per
share, sellers.
The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—
nominal.
Tonquin Coal Mining Co.—\$125 per share,
sales and buyers.
The Jelobit Mining and Trading Co., Limited—
\$1 per share, sellers.
The Schama Tin Mining Co., Limited—5 cents
per share, sellers.
London and Pacific Petroleum Co., Ltd.—\$2
sellers.
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$120
per share, sellers and buyers.
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$30
per share, buyers.
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$15 per share.
Dakin Crockshank & Co., Limited—\$2 per
share, sellers.
Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$5 per
share, sellers.

THE Kowloon Land Investment Co., Limited—
\$7 per share, sales and sellers.
The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Limited—
\$57, shares and buyers.
The West Point Buildings Co., Limited—\$16
per share, sellers.
H. G. Brown & Co., Limited—\$15 per share,
sales and sellers.
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown
Company—\$4 per share, ex. div., sellers.
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company,
Limited—\$95 per share, buyers.
Hongkong Gas Company—\$102 per share,
sales.
Hongkong Ice Company—\$67 per share, buyers.
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—
\$65 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Limited—
\$7 per share, sellers.
The Green Island Cement Co.—\$5 per share,
sellers.
The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—\$21
per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Steam, Laidlow Co., Limited—
\$5 per share, nominal.
The Hongkong High Level Tramway Co.,
Limited—\$40 per share, sellers.

EXCHANGE.
ON LONDON—Bank, T. T. 2/9
Bank Bills, on demand 2/9
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 2/9
Credits at 4 months' sight 2/9
Documentary Bills, at 4 months'
sight 2/9

ON PARIS—
Bank Bills, on demand 3/45
Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/56

ON INDIA—
T. T. 226

ON DEMAND 227

ON SHANGHAI—
Bank, T. T. 721
Private, 30 days' sight 721

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT
THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. G. Bauer. Mrs. Robbins.
Captain Cunningham. Mr. F. E. Shean.
Mr. A. Lacle. Mr. J. M. Speer.
Mr. Louis Pilla. Mr. W. Stuart-Smith.
Rev. J. M. Morton, B.A. Mr. J. Tamet.
Mr. J. Ourbant. Mr. W. Tarn.
Sergt-Major Robbins.

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT
THE PEAK HOTEL.

Mr. F. Badley. Mr. E. W. Maitland.
Capt. S. J. Butcher. Mr. F. Maitland.
Mr. Chaudet. Captain Munro.
Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mrs. W. R. Needham.
Mr. C. Dolce. Mrs. Parker & children.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mr. Parlane and
children. Mr. and Mrs. Perkins.
Farmer. Mr. G. H. Potts.
Mr. Chas. Grant. Mr. Rodger & children.
Mr. W. E. van Eps. Mr. Sparrow.
Mr. W. S. Harrison. Mr. F. Smith.
Mr. Thomas Howard. Mr. Geo. L. Tomlin.
Mr. Morton Jones. Mr. H. P. Tooker.
Mr. V. Kolod. Mr. Macgregor.

MAILS EXPECTED.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.
The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Bokhara*,
with the outward English mail, left Singapore on
the 23rd instant at 6 p.m., and may be expected
here on the 25th.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The O. & O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Peru*, with
mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 16th instant,
left Yokohama on the 23rd at 1 p.m., and may
be expected here on the 25th.

The O. & O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Oceanic*, with
mails, &c., left San Francisco for this port, via
Honolulu and Yokohama, on the 16th instant.

THE CANADIAN MAIL.
The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s steamer
Empress of India, from Vancouver, left Kobe
on the 23rd instant at 1 p.m. for Shanghai and
Hongkong.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The steamer *Ghass* left Singapore on the
21st instant, and may be expected here on the
23rd.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Lombardy*,
Bombay, left Singapore on the 23rd instant, and
may be expected here on the 25th.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Malacca* left
Bombay on the 23rd instant; and may be
expected here on the 25th proximo.

The Northern Pacific Steamship Co.'s steamer
Lee Shih left Tacoma on the 25th ultimo for
Japan and Hongkong.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Bombay* left
London for this port on the 21st instant.

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.

BENGKOK, British steamer, 1,153, R. Farquhar,
23rd August—Mall 14th August, Coals—
Cibb, Livingston & Co.

FLORENCE TIRAT, British bark, 724, A. C.
Pauleen, 21st August—Singapore 5th Aug.

CHARTERS TOWER, British steamer, 1,005, A.
Murray, 23rd August—Kuching 17th August,
Coals—Misau Bussan Kaisla.

KONG KENG, British steamer, 852, J. R.
Jackson, 21st August—Bangkok 18th Aug.

GENERAL—Yuen Fat Hong.

FUSHUN, Chinese steamer, 1,024, R. Farquhar,
23rd August—Shanghai 20th August, General—
General C. M. S. N. Co.

CHARTERS TOWER, British steamer, 1,005, A.
Murray, 23rd August—Kuching 17th August,
Coals—Misau Bussan Kaisla.

OLDENBURG, German steamer, 3,409, H. Gath-
mann, 21st August—Shanghai 10th Aug.

MARIA, German steamer, 3,206, B. Blanke,
21st August—Yokohama 13th Aug., Kobe
16th, and Nagasaki 17th; Malls and General—
Molchers & Co.

PAOTING, British steamer, 1,088, Thos. Gyles,
24th August—Canton 24th Aug., General—
Butterfield & Swire.

PATRAN, British steamer, 1,762, Wright, 6th
August—Mojol 30th July, Coal—Dowell,
Carill & Co.

PILOT FISH, British steamer, 161, A. Stopani,
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.

PRESTO, German steamer, 650, J. Jensen, 22nd
August—Singapore 1st August, General—
Schiessens & Co.

SUNGKANG, British steamer, 996, C. B. N.
Dodd, 22nd August—Manila 10th August,
General—Butterfield & Swire.

TARVICK, German steamer, 1,001, N. Emke, 14th
August—Canton 14th August, General—
Meyer & Co.

VICTORIA, British steamer, 1,001, John Pantin,
R.N.R., 15th August—Glasgow 8th July,
General—Dowell, Carill & Co.

ZAKHAR, British steamer, 1,650, Edwards, 8th
May—Victoria, B.C., via Honolulu and
April.

DEPARTURES.

August 23, TAIKWAN, British s'r., for Canton.

August 23, LY-CHU-MOON, German s'r., for Canton.

August 23, EMERALD, British s'r., for Amoy.

August 24, A.D. DANIEL, steamer, for Haiphong.

August 24, MELBOURNE, French steamer, for
Shanghai.

August 24, CHOWFA, British s'r., for Swatow, &c.

August 24, DERUEROS, German s'r., for Karatsu.

August 24, SALSAS, French steamer, for Saigon
and Marseilles.

PASSENGERS—ARRIVED.

Per *Bengkok*, s'r., from Mys.—Mrs. Lyons.

Per *Kong Beng*, s'r., from Bangkok—64
Chinese.

Per *Hallan*, s'r., from Fochow, &c.—Messrs.
Marquardt, Swei Cheong Eng, 1 European and
130 Chinese (deck).

Per *Fukum*, s'r., from Shanghai—24 Chinese
for Hongkong. For Canton—30 Chinese.

DEPARTED.

Per *Safas*, s'r., from Hongkong for Saigon—
5 Chinese. For Singapore—Mr. F. A. Flitman,
and 2 Chinese. For Pondicherry—Abbe Monnier.

Per *For*—Mr. C. Klingemann. For Marseilles.

Per *Yung Kee*, s'r., from Shanghai—Mr. and Mrs.
Kapton. From Marseilles—Mr. C. L. Giffard. From
Kobe—Captain Pitchard.

Per *Melbourne*, s'r., from Hongkong for
Shanghai—Mr. and Mrs. Shapira, Mrs. Ong,
Captain T. Cocker, Hoo Ehr Mai, S. Tavares,
P. Place, and 1 Chinese. For Yokohama—
Mr. G. F. A. Flitman, 2 Chinese. For
Kuching—Abbe Monnier.

Per *Yung Kee*, s'r., from Shanghai—Mr. and Mrs.
Maury, Lieut. Milbau, and 2 Chinese. From
Marseilles for Shanghai—Mr. and Mrs. Capon,
Miss D. Pitcher, Messrs. Chapuis and All.
Demant. From Singapore for Kobe—Messrs.
Yunub and Ruff. From Marseilles for
Yokohama—Mr. and Mrs. Tanabasi and infant, Miss
Read, and Chikku. From Aden—Mr. K. J.
Leroy. From Colombo—Mr. and Mrs. Somers,
and Mr. Richardson. From Batavia—Mr. G. de Bruyn.
From Singapore—Mr. and Mrs. Capon.
From Kobe—Miss Arnold Reid, Hugget, How
Kiang, and Yossi. From Saigon—Mr. Argi, and
Master. From Singapore for Kobe—Messrs.
Yunub and Ruff. From Marseilles for
Yokohama—Mr. and Mrs. Tanabasi and infant, Miss
Read, and Chikku.

The Green Island Cement Co.—\$5 per share,
sellers.

The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—\$21
per share, sellers.

The Hongkong Steam, Laidlow Co., Limited—
\$5 per share, nominal.

The Hongkong High Level Tramway Co.,
Limited—\$40 per share, sellers.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON—Bank, T. T. 2/9

Bank Bills, on demand 2/9

Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 2/9

Credits at 4 months' sight 2/9

Documentary Bills, at 4 months'
sight 2/9

ON PARIS—
Bank Bills, on demand 3/45

Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/56

ON INDIA—
T. T. 226

ON DEMAND 227

ON SHANGHAI—
Bank, T. T. 721
Private, 30 days' sight 721

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT
THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. G. Bauer. Mrs. Robbins.

Captain Cunningham. Mr. F. E. Shean.

Mr. A. Lacle. Mr. J. M. Speer.

Mr. Louis Pilla. Mr. W. Stuart-Smith.

Rev. J. M. Morton, B.A. Mr. J. Tamet.

Mr. J. Ourbant. Mr. W. Tarn.

Sergt-Major Robbins.

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT
THE PEAK HOTEL.

Mr. F. Badley. Mr. E. W. Maitland.

Capt. S. J. Butcher. Mr. F. Maitland.

Mr. Chaudet. Captain Munro.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mrs. W. R. Needham.

Mr. C. Dolce. Mrs. Parker & children.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mr. Parlane and
children.

Mr. Farmer. Mr. and Mrs. Perkins.

Mr. Chas. Grant. Mr. G. H. Potts.

Mr. W. E. van Eps. Mr. Rodger & children.

Mr. W. S. Harrison. Mr. Sparrow.

Mr. Thomas Howard. Mr. F. Smith.

Mr. Morton Jones. Mr. Geo. L. Tomlin.

Mr. V. Kolod. Mr. H. P. Tooker.